# Algorithms A.Y. 2022/2023 <br> Lab - Binary Search Trees 

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## Binary Search Tree

A binary search tree is a binary tree that satisfies three properties:

- Each node $v$ is associated with a key key(v)
- All the keys in the left subtree of $v$ are smaller than key(v)
- All the keys in the right subtree of $v$ are grater than key(v)


## Binary Search Tree

A binary search tree example


## Binary Search Tree

## We can perform many operations on binary search trees (BST):

- Search
- Insertion
- Deletion


## Binary Search Tree

We can perform many operations on binary search trees (BST):

- Search DONE
- Insertion DONE
- Deletion TODO

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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

To delete an element from a BST we have 3 different cases:

## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

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1. The node to delete is a leaf


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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

To delete an element from a BST we have 3 different cases:

1. The node to delete is a leaf
2. The node to delete has just 1 child


## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

To delete an element from a BST we have 3 different cases:

1. The node to delete is a leaf
2. The node to delete has just 1 child
3. The node to delete has 2 children


## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 1: The node to delete is a leaf

Any guess?


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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 1: The node to delete is a leaf We can just delete the node! Super Easy


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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 1: The node to delete is a leaf We can just delete the node! Super Easy


## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 2: The node to delete has just one child

Any guess?


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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 2: The node to delete has just one child
We can delete the node and put the child in the same place of the parent


## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 2: The node to delete has just one child
We can delete the node and put the child in the same place of the parent Easy!


## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 3: The node to delete has two children.


## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 3: The node to delete has two children.
It is slightly more complex compare to others.
The node to delete is replaced with its in-order successor (or predecessor).

## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 3: The node to delete has two children.


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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

Case 3: The node to delete has two children.


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## Binary Search Tree - Element Deletion

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## Binary Search Tree - What they are used for?

- BSTs are used for indexing


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- BSTs are used for indexing

Be aware that a BST can become unbalanced

What is the problem?

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## Binary Search Tree - What they are used for?

- BSTs are used for indexing
- TreeMap and TreeSet data structures in java are internally implemented using self-balancing BSTs to avoid unbalanced cases


## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right


## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Just to recap, a post-order visit is done as follow:
Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree)
Visit the root


## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We start exploring 40 and call again the function on the left node


## Algorithm Postorder(tree)

Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree)
Visit the root
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## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We start exploring 30 and call again the function on the left node

Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)

Postorder(right->subtree)

Visit the root

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We start exploring 25 and call again the function on the left node


Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree)
Visit the root

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## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We start exploring 15 and call again the function on the left node... But it has no children!

So we can mark it as visited!

Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree) Visit the root


Nodes visited: 15

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We return to 25 and call again the function on the right node

Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree) Visit the root


Nodes visited: 15

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We start exploring 28 and call again the function on the left node... But it has no children!

So we can mark it as visited!

## Algorithm Postorder(tree)

Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree) Visit the root


Nodes visited: 15, 28

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We return to 25


Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree)
Visit the root
Nodes visited: 15, 28

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We return to 25 but we finished the exploration so we mark it as visited and we can return to 30


## Algorithm Postorder(tree)

Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree)
Visit the root

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Then we call again the function on the right node, namely, 35

Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree) Visit the root


Nodes visited: 15, 28, 25

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Then we call again the function on the right node, namely, 35 and since it has no children we can mark it as visited

## Algorithm Postorder(tree)

Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree) Visit the root


Nodes visited: 15, 28, 25, 35

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

We return to 30 and since the exploration is done we mark it as visited


## Algorithm Postorder(tree)

Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree)
Visit the root
Nodes visited: 15, 28, 25, 35, 30

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Now try to finish the exercise by yourself!

Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree) Visit the root


Nodes visited: 15, 28, 25, 35, 30

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Solution!


Algorithm Postorder(tree)
Postorder(left->subtree)
Postorder(right->subtree)
Visit the root

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the rightAlgorithm Postorder(tree)Postorder(left->subtree)
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## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Postorder(right->subtree) Visit the root


## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A, E

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A, E

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A, E

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A, E, L

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Nodes visited: A, E, L

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root

Nodes visited: A, E, L, O

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the rightAlgorithm Postorder(tree)Postorder(left->subtree)
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Visit the root


Nodes visited: A, E, L, O, N

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Nodes visited: A, E, L, O, N, I

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Nodes visited: A, E, L, O, N, I

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Nodes visited: A, E, L, O, N, I, Y

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A, E, L, O, N, I, Y, S

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a post-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Postorder(tree) <br> Postorder(left->subtree) <br> Postorder(right->subtree) <br> Visit the root



Nodes visited: A, E, L, O, N, I, Y, S, C

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a in-order visit of the tree on the rightAlgorithm Inorder(tree)Inorder(left->subtree)
Visit the root
Inorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited:

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a in-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Inorder(tree) <br> Inorder(left->subtree) <br> Visit the root <br> Inorder(right->subtree)



Nodes visited: A

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Visit the root
Inorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited: A, C

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Nodes visited: A, C

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Nodes visited: A, C

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Nodes visited: A, C, E

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a in-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Inorder(tree) <br> Inorder(left->subtree) <br> Visit the root <br> Inorder(right->subtree)



Nodes visited: A, C, E, I
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## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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## Algorithm Inorder(tree) <br> Inorder(left->subtree) <br> Visit the root <br> Inorder(right->subtree)



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Perform a in-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Inorder(tree) <br> Inorder(left->subtree) <br> Visit the root <br> Inorder(right->subtree)



Nodes visited: A, C, E, I, L, N

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Inorder(right->subtree)


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Visit the root
Inorder(right->subtree)


## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a in-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Inorder(tree) <br> Inorder(left->subtree) <br> Visit the root <br> Inorder(right->subtree)



## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a in-order visit of the tree on the right
We found the solution!

## Algorithm Inorder(tree) <br> Inorder(left->subtree) <br> Visit the root <br> Inorder(right->subtree)



## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a pre-order visit of the tree on the rightAlgorithm Preorder(tree)
Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
Preorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited:

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a pre-order visit of the tree on the rightAlgorithm Preorder(tree)
Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
Preorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited: C

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a pre-order visit of the tree on the rightAlgorithm Preorder(tree)
Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
Preorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited: C, A

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a pre-order visit of the tree on the rightAlgorithm Preorder(tree)
Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
Preorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited: C, A

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a pre-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Preorder(tree)

Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
Preorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited: C, A, S

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a pre-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Preorder(tree) <br> Visit the root <br> Preorder(left->subtree) <br> Preorder(right->subtree)



Nodes visited: C, A, S, I

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

Perform a pre-order visit of the tree on the right

## Algorithm Preorder(tree)

Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
Preorder(right->subtree)


Nodes visited: C, A, S, I, E

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Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
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## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Visit the root
Preorder(left->subtree)
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Nodes visited: C, A, S, I, E, N

## Binary Search Tree - Exercises

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Nodes visited: C, A, S, I, E, N, L, O


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Nodes visited: C, A, S, I, E, N, L, O


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